according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Revision Date: 18.03.2024 Version 26.0 Print Date 03.01.2025

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name SikaTack® Panel Primer

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Pretreatment agent

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier Sika Schweiz AG

> Tüffenwies 16 8048 Zürich

Telephone +41 58 436 40 40

Telefax

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: EHS@ch.sika.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Tox Info Suisse CH-8028 Zurich

+41(0)44 251 51 51 / Speed calling: 145

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 2 H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single ex-

posure, Category 3, Central nervous

system

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 3

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

fects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

EUH066

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness

or cracking.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or

alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

ethyl acetate

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains dibutyltin dilaurate. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Revision Date: 18.03.2024 Version 26.0 Print Date 03.01.2025

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No. Registration number		(% w/w)
ethyl acetate	141-78-6 205-500-4 01-2119475103-46- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) EUH066	>= 60 - < 80
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Not Assigned 905-588-0 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 5 - < 10
methanol	67-56-1 200-659-6 01-2119433307-44- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 3; H301 Acute Tox. 3; H331 Acute Tox. 3; H311 STOT SE 1; H370 specific concentration limit STOT SE 1; H370 >= 10 % STOT SE 2; H371 3 - < 10 %	>= 0,1 - < 0,5

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Revision Date: 18.03.2024 Version 26.0 Print Date 03.01.2025

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

dibutyltin dilaurate	77-58-7 201-039-8 01-2119496068-27- XXXX	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Muta. 2; H341 Repr. 1B; H360FD STOT SE 1; H370 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 0,1 - < 0,25
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	-

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Excessive lachrymation

Erythema Loss of balance

Vertigo

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

Risks : irritant effects

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Revision Date: 18.03.2024 Version 26.0 Print Date 03.01.2025

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

Water

media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

> Remove all sources of ignition. Deny access to unprotected persons.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering drains.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

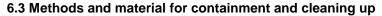
respective authorities.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Revision Date: 18.03.2024 Version 26.0 Print Date 03.01.2025

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022



Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible ab-

sorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.

Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking. Take precautionary

measures against electrostatic discharges.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in cool place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store

in accordance with local regulations.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Revision Date: 18.03.2024 Version 26.0 Print Date 03.01.2025

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

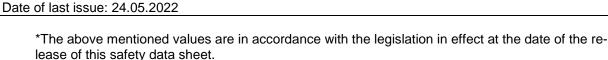
Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form	Control parame-	Basis *	
	444.70.0	of exposure)	ters *	0047/404/511	
ethyl acetate	141-78-6	STEL	400 ppm 1.468 mg/m3	2017/164/EU	
	Further inform	ation: Indicative			
		TWA	200 ppm	2017/164/EU	
			734 mg/m3		
		TWA	200 ppm	CH SUVA	
			730 mg/m3		
	Further information: National Institute for Occupational Safety and				
	Health, Institut	National de Reche	rche et de Sécurit	é pour la pré-	
		cidents du travail e			
		nborn child is not to			
	value is respe		or or protect in the		
	value le respe	STEL	400 ppm	CH SUVA	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NI (A ' I	T) 4 / 4	1.460 mg/m3	0000/00/50	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Not Assigned	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC	
	Further inform	ation: Identifies the	possibility of signi	ficant uptake	
	through the sk	in, Indicative		•	
		STEL	100 ppm	2000/39/EC	
			442 mg/m3		
		TWA	50 ppm	CH SUVA	
			220 mg/m3		
	Further inform	ation: Toxic by skin	resorption possib	le; Substanc-	
		easily absored thro			
	tional skin resoption a substancial higher risk compared to only				
	inhalation by the airways., National Institute for Occupational				
	Safety and Health, Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité				
	pour la prévention des accidents du travail et des maladies pro-				
	fessionnelles				
	169910111161169	STEL	100 ppm	CH SUVA	
		SIEL	440 mg/m3	CITSOVA	
methanol	07.50.4			I	
methanol	6/-56-1	Τ\Λ/Δ	200 nnm	2006/15/EC	
	67-56-1	TWA	200 ppm 260 mg/m3	2006/15/EC	
			260 mg/m3		
	Further inform	ation: Indicative, Ide	260 mg/m3		
		ation: Indicative, Ide rough the skin	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib	lity of signifi-	
	Further inform	ation: Indicative, Ide	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib		
	Further inform cant uptake th	ation: Indicative, Ide rough the skin TWA	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib 200 ppm 260 mg/m3	llity of signifi-	
	Further inform cant uptake th	ation: Indicative, Ide rough the skin TWA ation: Toxic by skin	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib 200 ppm 260 mg/m3 resorption possib	CH SUVA	
	Further inform cant uptake the Further inform es, which are	ation: Indicative, Iderough the skin TWA ation: Toxic by skin easily absored through	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib 200 ppm 260 mg/m3 resorption possib ugh the skin, can g	CH SUVA le; Substanc- give by addi-	
	Further inform cant uptake the Further inform es, which are tional skin rese	ation: Indicative, Iderough the skin TWA ation: Toxic by skin easily absored throughtion a substancia	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib 200 ppm 260 mg/m3 resorption possib ugh the skin, can g	CH SUVA le; Substanc- give by addi- ared to only	
	Further inform cant uptake the Further inform es, which are tional skin reseinhalation by the second	ation: Indicative, Iderough the skin TWA ation: Toxic by skin easily absored throughtion a substancia he airways., Nation:	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib 200 ppm 260 mg/m3 resorption possib ugh the skin, can gal higher risk compa	CH SUVA le; Substanc- give by addi- ared to only upational	
	Further inform cant uptake the Further inform es, which are tional skin rese inhalation by the Safety and He	ation: Indicative, Iderough the skin TWA ation: Toxic by skin easily absored throughtion a substancia he airways., Nationalth, Institut National	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib 200 ppm 260 mg/m3 resorption possib ugh the skin, can of higher risk comparion in the comparion occurs of the comparison occurs occurs on the comparison occurs occurs occurs on the comparison occurs occurs occurs occurs occurs occurs on the comparison occurs oc	CH SUVA le; Substanc- give by addi- ared to only upational t de Sécurité	
	Further inform cant uptake the Further inform es, which are tional skin restinhalation by the Safety and He pour la prévente cant uptake the safety and He pour la prévente cant uptake the safety and He pour la prévente cant uptake the safety and He pour la prévente cant uptake the safety and He pour la prévente cant uptake the safety and He pour la prévente cant uptake the safety and the safet	ation: Indicative, Iderough the skin TWA ation: Toxic by skin easily absored throughtion a substancia he airways., Nationalth, Institut Nationaltion des accidents of	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib 200 ppm 260 mg/m3 resorption possib ugh the skin, can of this comparishment of the c	CH SUVA le; Substanc- give by addi- ared to only upational t de Sécurité aladies pro-	
	Further inform cant uptake the Further inform es, which are tional skin reseinhalation by the Safety and He pour la préven fessionnelles,	ation: Indicative, Iderough the skin TWA ation: Toxic by skin easily absored throughtion a substancia he airways., Nationalth, Institut Nationaltion des accidents of Harm to the unborn	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib 200 ppm 260 mg/m3 resorption possib ugh the skin, can of this comparishment of the c	Ility of signifi- CH SUVA le; Substanc- give by addi- ared to only upational t de Sécurité aladies pro-	
	Further inform cant uptake the Further inform es, which are tional skin reseinhalation by the Safety and He pour la préven fessionnelles,	ation: Indicative, Iderough the skin TWA ation: Toxic by skin easily absored throughtion a substancia he airways., Nationalth, Institut Nationaltion des accidents of	260 mg/m3 entifies the possib 200 ppm 260 mg/m3 resorption possib ugh the skin, can of this comparishment of the c	CH SUVA le; Substanc- give by addi- ared to only upational t de Sécurité aladies pro-	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer





Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Not Assigned	methyl hippuric acids: 2 g/l (Urine)	Immediately after exposure or after working hours	CH BAT
methanol	67-56-1	Methanol: 30 mg/l (Urine)	Immediately after exposure or after working hours, In case of long-term expo- sure: after more than one shift	CH BAT
		Methanol: 936 micromol per litre (Urine)	Immediately after exposure or after working hours, In case of long-term expo- sure: after more than one shift	CH BAT

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value	
methanol	Workers	Skin contact		40 mg/m3	
	Exposure time: 8	Exposure time: 8 h			
	Consumers	Skin contact		260 mg/m3	
	Exposure time: 8	3 h			

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipment

: Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Eye/face protection

Eye wash bottle with pure water

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-Hand protection

> proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

: Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345, Skin and body protection

long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Revision Date: 18.03.2024 Version 26.0 Print Date 03.01.2025

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Prevent product from entering drains.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid Colour black

Odour ester-like

Melting point/range / Freezing : No data available

point

Boiling point/boiling range No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit / Up- : 7 %(V)

per flammability limit

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

1 %(V)

Flash point -4 °C

Method: closed cup

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

Auto-ignition temperature : 427 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : Not applicable

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Vapour pressure : 99,9915 hPa

Density : ca. 1 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle characteristics : No data available

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Revision Date: 18.03.2024 Version 26.0

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022



Print Date 03.01.2025

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

:

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

ethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): ca. 1.600 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.523 mg/kg

dibutyltin dilaurate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 2.071 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified due to lack of data.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified due to lack of data.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Revision Date: 18.03.2024 Version 26.0 Print Date 03.01.2025

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

Carcinogenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-Assessment

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: > 1.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 56 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC: 1,17 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d

Species: Daphnia (water flea)

ic toxicity)

dibutyltin dilaurate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Fish): 3,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- : 1

icity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher..

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Waste code Switzerland

VeVA/LVA

: 08 01 11 -

Contaminated packaging : 15 01

15 01 10 [S] packaging containing residues of or contaminat-

ed by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : UN 1866 IMDG : UN 1866 IATA : UN 1866

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : RESIN SOLUTION

IMDG : RESIN SOLUTION

IATA : Resin solution

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

ADR : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3
Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

IMDG

Packing group : II
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 364

aircraft)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y341
Packing group : II

Labels : Flammable Liquids

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen- : 353

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y341
Packing group : II

Labels : Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) : Not applicable

Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

REACH Information: All substances contained in our Products are

- registered by our upstream suppliers, and/or

- registered by us, and/or

excluded from the regulation, and/orexempted from the registration.

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:

Number on list 75, 3

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

None of the components are listed

(=> 0.1 %).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Date of last issue: 24.05.2022

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu-

tants (recast)

PIC Ordinance, ChemPICO (814.82) : Not applicable

Chemical Risk Reduction Ordinance (ORRChem, SR

814.81)

 See respective Annex to the Chemical Risk Reduction Ordinance (ORRChem. 814.81) for Conditions

of Restriction.

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

(VOCV)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 67,75% w/w

Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 67,95% w/w

Other regulations:

Article 13 Maternity ordinance (SR 822.111.52): Expectant and nursing mothers are only permitted to come into contact with this product during the course of their work if, based on a risk assessment carried out in accordance with Article 63 of Ordinance 1 on the Employment Act (ArGV 1) (SR 822.111), the chemicals in question have been found not to cause any specific harm to mothers or children or if such harm can be ruled out by taking appropriate protective measures.

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Young people undergoing basic vocational training may only work with this product if the relevant training ordinance makes provision for them to do so with a view to enabling them to achieve their training objectives and if the preconditions for the training plan have been met and the applicable age restrictions have been complied with. Young people who are not completing any basic vocational training are not permitted to work with this product. Employees of either sex who are under 18 years old are classed as young people.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SikaTack® Panel Primer

Revision Date: 18.03.2024 Version 26.0 Print Date 03.01.2025

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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304

Toxic in contact with skin. H311 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

Causes skin irritation. H315

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317 Causes serious eye irritation. H319

Toxic if inhaled. H331

Harmful if inhaled. H332

May cause respiratory irritation. H335 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H341

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H360FD

H370 Causes damage to organs if swallowed.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated H372

exposure if swallowed.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated H373

exposure if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard **Aquatic Chronic** Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard Eye Irrit. Eye irritation Flammable liquids Flam. Liq. Germ cell mutagenicity Muta. Repr. Reproductive toxicity

Skin Irrit. Skin irritation Skin Sens. Skin sensitisation

STOT RE Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure STOT SE

Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first 2000/39/EC

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

2006/15/EC Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values 2017/164/EU Europe. Commission Directive 2017/164/EU establishing a

fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

CH BAT Switzerland. List of BAT-values

CH SUVA Switzerland. Limit values at the work place

2000/39/EC / TWA Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL Short term exposure limit 2006/15/EC / TWA Limit Value - eight hours Short term exposure limit 2017/164/EU / STEL

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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2017/164/EU / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours
CH SUVA / TWA : Time Weighted Average
CH SUVA / STEL : Short Term Exposure Limit

ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road Chemical Abstracts Service

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Ser
DNEL : Derived no-effect level

EC50 : Half maximal effective concentration

GHS : Globally Harmonized System

IATA : International Air Transport Association

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LD50 : Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 : Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period

MARPOL : International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT : Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC : Predicted no effect concentration

REACH : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

SVHC : Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB : Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Based on product data or assessment

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Calculation method STOT SE 3 H336 Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version!

CH / EN